

## Commissioning Draft Update

### Adult locality profiles: Sandy/Biggleswade area

Overlap with Ivel Valley PBC.

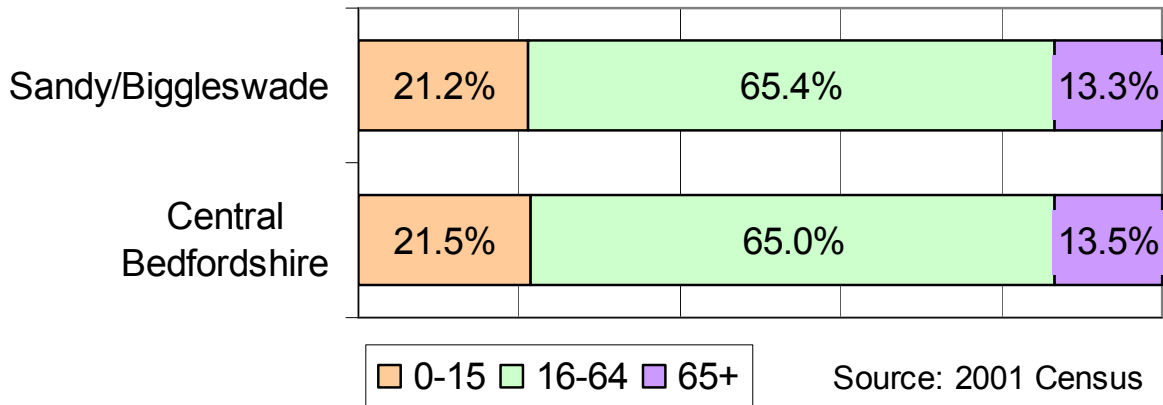
#### Total population (2001):

	Sandy/Biggleswade			Central Bedfordshire total
	Total	male	female	
<b>0-15</b>	14,890	7,640	7,240	50,190
<b>16-64</b>	45,850	23,320	22,540	151,860
<b>65+</b>	9,380	4,080	5,290	31,620
<b>85+</b>	1,070	320	730	3,480
<b>All ages</b>	70,120	35,040	35,060	233,660

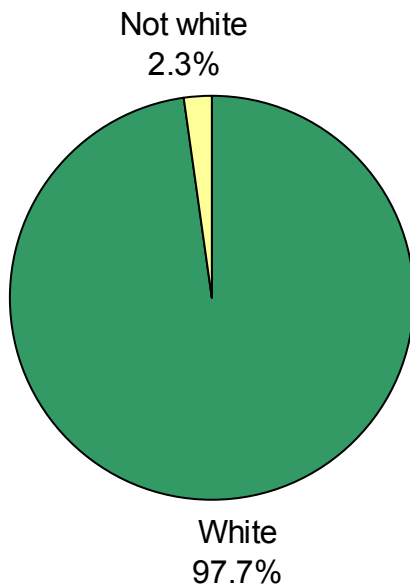
Source: 2001 Census. Numbers are rounded and may not add up exactly.

The 2007 population estimate for this area is 80,320. It is not possible to split this by age and gender.

#### Age profile:

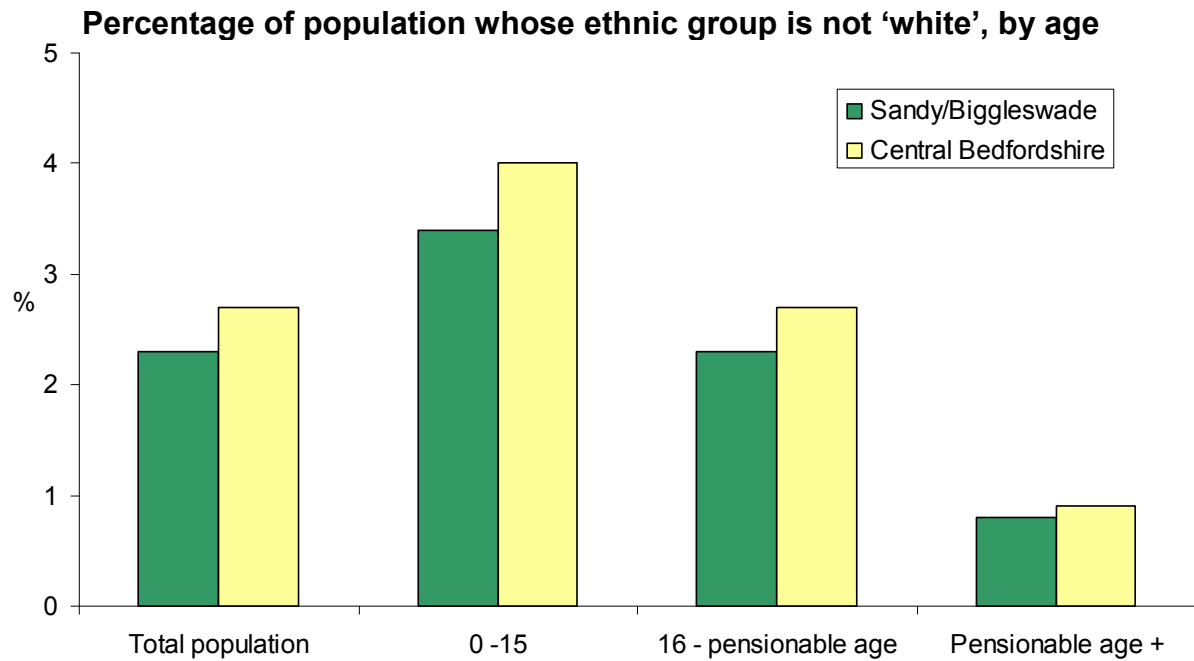


#### Ethnicity



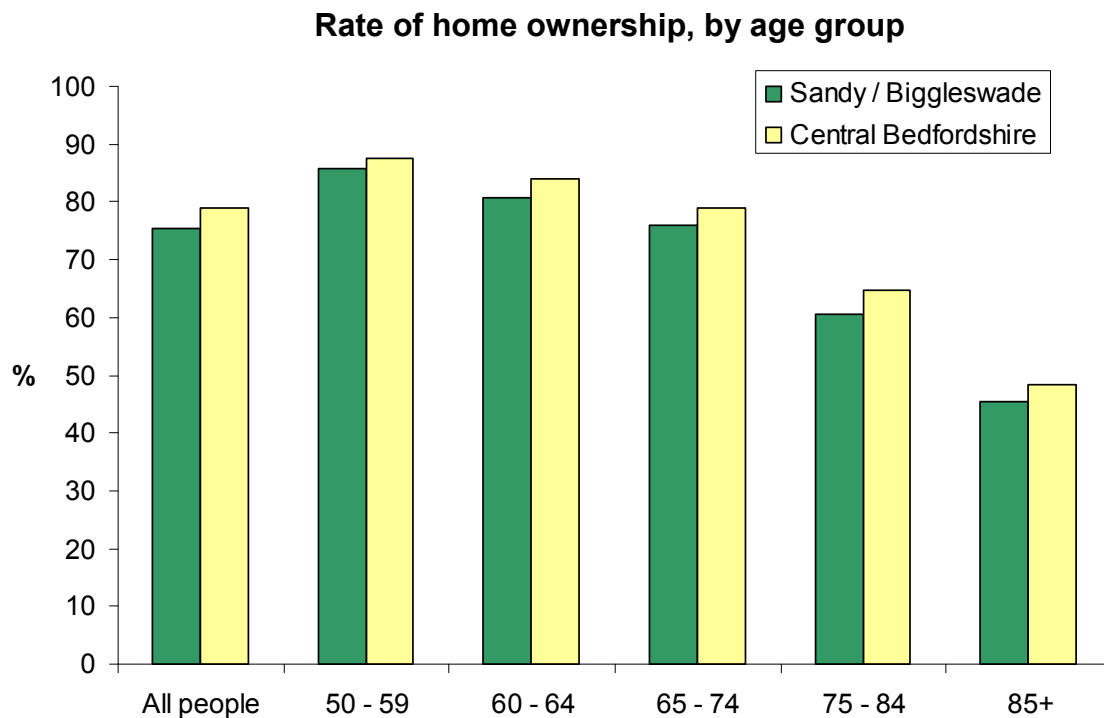
Largest ethnic groups	Number of people
White British	66,820 (95.3%)
White Other	1,150 (1.6%)
White Irish	560 (0.8%)
Indian	390 (0.6%)
Mixed: white and black Caribbean	210 (0.3%)
Mixed: white and Asian	180 (0.3%)
Chinese	160 (0.2%)
All other ethnicities	660 (1.0%)

Source: 2001 Census



Source: 2001 Census

### Home ownership



Source: 2001 Census.

Note: These figures include shared ownership

**Unemployment** in this locality was 3.1% of the working age population in January 2010. This was equal to 1,540 people. Unemployment for Central Bedfordshire as a whole was 3.0%.

(Source: Jobseeker's Allowance Claimant Count)

## Deprivation

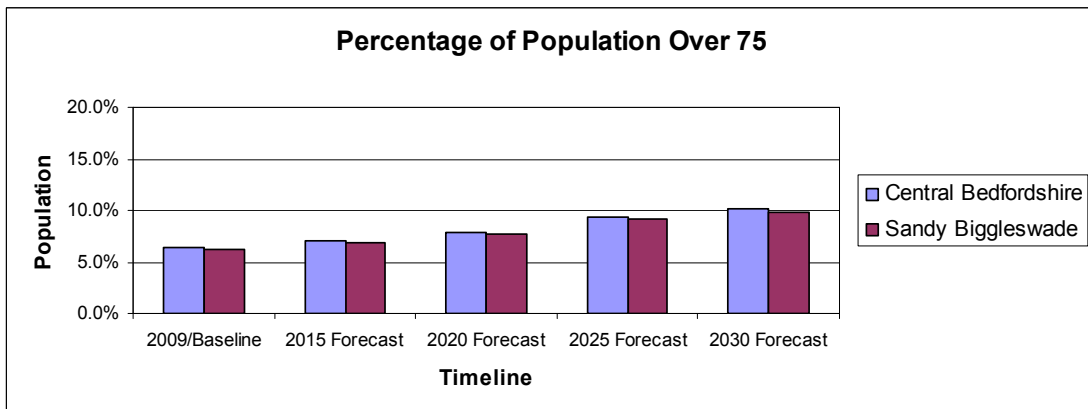
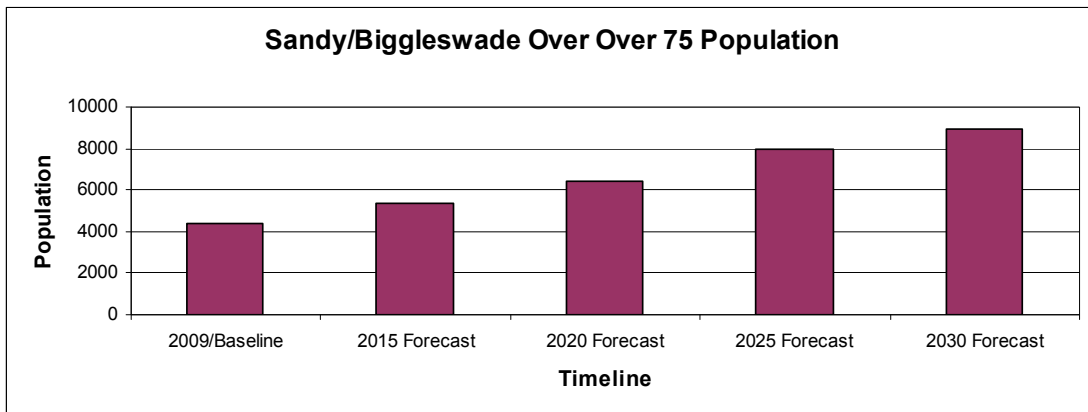
In Central Bedfordshire, no small areas are within the worst 20% in England using the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD). In the Sandy / Biggleswade locality, one small area, Sandy 433, is the ninth most deprived in Central Bedfordshire, and is in the worst 10-20% in the East of England.

Sandy 433 is also the most deprived area in Central Bedfordshire for older people. In Sandy 433, 38% of older people live in income deprived households. Another area in this locality, Biggleswade 384, has 29% of older people in income deprived households.

Notes on deprivation:

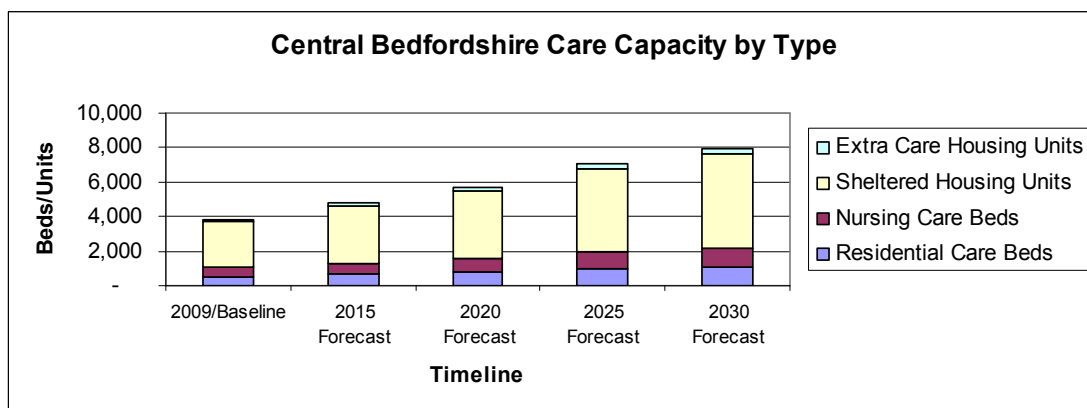
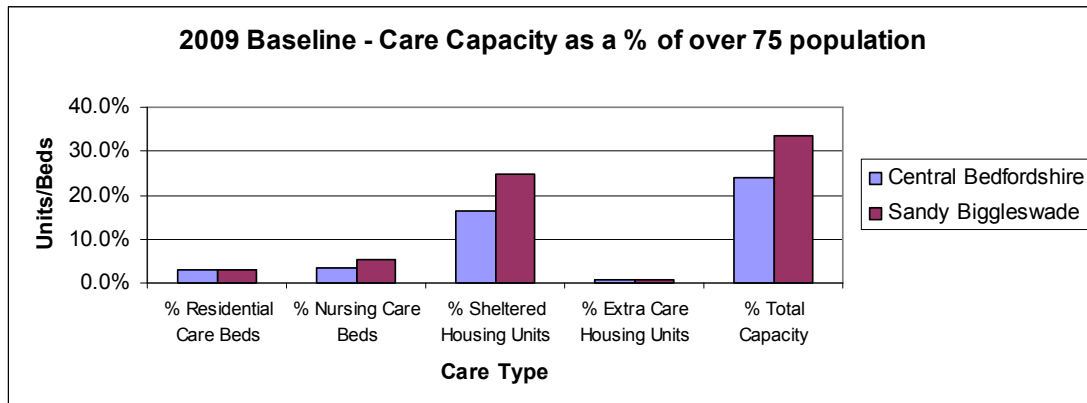
- The index of multiple deprivation (IMD) calculates overall deprivation at small area level for the whole of England.
- Older people's deprivation is measured using the income deprivation affecting older people index (IDAOPI), also at small area level.
- The small areas used to calculate deprivation (both IMD and IDAOPI) are called lower super output areas (LSOAs). There are 154 small areas in Central Bedfordshire. Each contains around 1,500 people.
- Small areas are identified using the ward name and a three digit code.

## Additional Information from Social care, Health & Housing

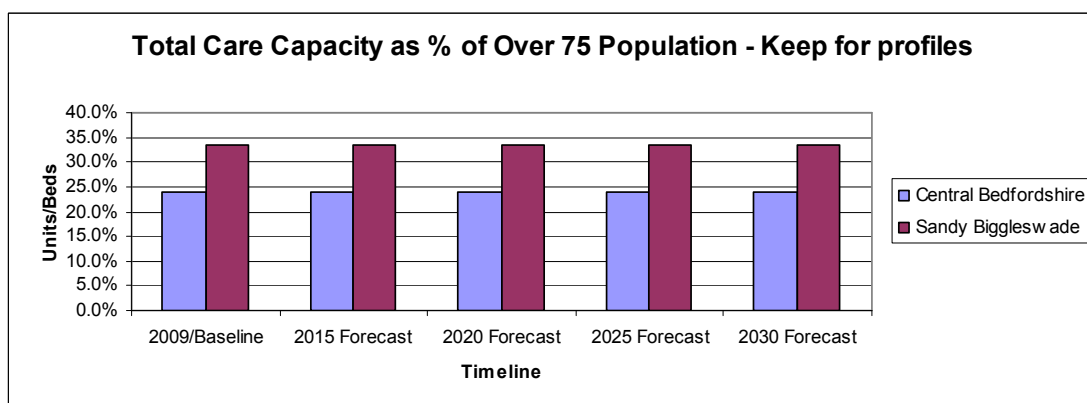


The over 75 population in Sandy/Biggleswade represents 27% of the total over 75 population across Central Bedfordshire.

Within Sandy/Biggleswade the over 75 population represents a similar proportion of the total population (6.3%) to the overall Central Bedfordshire average (6.4%) with this predicted to grow to 9.9% by 2030.



At present there is support housing capacity for 1 in 4 of the over 75 population with the majority being sheltered housing. If we want to maintain the same level of supported housing we would need to provide an additional 4000 beds/units/alternative services across Central Bedfordshire with just over 1500 in Sandy/Biggleswade.



The overall capacity of supported housing in Sandy/Biggleswade is significantly higher (33.6%) than the overall Central Bedfordshire Average (23.9%) with a higher than average proportion across all care types except extra care housing.

### Future Priorities

Given this analysis, there may be a limited short term requirement for extra care housing for this area with a primary focus to ensure capacity remains fit for purpose and develops as the population grows.